



## Pápalo o Pápaloquelite

### DID YOU KNOW?

In Mexico, papalo branches are kept in water on café tables, so diners can tear up fresh leaves and add them to beans or tortillas.



Because cooking destroys the flavor, papalo leaves are only used fresh or added to meals at the last moment.

### ORIGINS

Papalo is native to Mexico, Central and South America, growing as far north as Texas. Papalo is being introduced to gardeners in the U.S. as "a great new herb from Mexico."



In places where temperatures are always warm, papalo grows year-round for many years. But because papalo cannot cope with frost, in the U.S., you may have to grow the plant from seed every year.

### CLASSIFYING PAPALO

Papalo is a member of the Asteraceae, or Compositae, family. The composites make up the largest family of flowering plants, with about 20,000 species, including sunflowers and daisies.

**FAMILY**  
Asteraceae  
(or Compositae)

sunflower



black-eyed susan

The flower head of a plant in this family is commonly mistaken for a single flower, but it really is many flowers grouped together.

**GENUS**  
*Porophyllum*

In Latin, this means "leaves with pores."



Pores are tiny openings. You can see the pores on papalo leaves without a microscope. Oil comes out of the pores, which gives papalo leaves a strong scent and flavor.

**SPECIES**

*ruderales* means "growing in rubble or waste places."



Papalo grows well on dry slopes, ravines, and roadsides. It has even been known to grow on nearly bare rock.

### THE PAPALO PLANT

Papalo has egg-shaped leaves, which have a lovely, spicy, sharp scent and flavor.

The flower looks like an unopened marigold bloom, and then it opens into a ball that looks like a dandelion flower.



In the U.S., the plant grows up to 1 meter tall during one growing season. In warmer climates, the plant can grow over 2 meters high.

## GROWING AND HARVESTING PAPALO

Papalo is easy to grow in sunny places where the soil is well drained.

You can use papalo instead of cilantro in cooking. Papalo has the advantage that it does not go to seed in the early summer, like cilantro does.



Pick papalo leaves when young for a milder flavor. The flavor gets stronger the older the leaves are.

### USES

Papalo leaves are used to flavor soups and stews, grilled meats, beans, salsa, and salads. The leaves also are used as a medicinal herb for many ailments, such as high blood pressure, upset stomach, and infections.



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